

## The Daily Gazette

Published every evening except Sunday  
 HOLT, BOWEN & WILCOX,  
 IN LAPPIN'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

TERMS:  
 SIX DOLLARS A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.  
 CHARLES HOLZ, HIRSH BOWEN, DANIEL WILCOX.

### RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Twelve lines of matter, or its equivalent in space, constitute a square.

1 Square 1 day,	\$ 75
do 2 "	1 50
do 3 "	2 00
do 4 "	2 50
do 5 "	3 00
do 6 "	3 50
do 7 "	4 00
do 8 "	4 50
do 9 "	5 00
do 10 "	5 50
do 11 "	6 00
do 12 "	6 50
do 13 "	7 00
do 14 "	7 50
do 15 "	8 00
do 16 "	8 50
do 17 "	9 00
do 18 "	9 50
do 19 "	10 00
do 20 "	10 50
do 21 "	11 00
do 22 "	11 50
do 23 "	12 00
do 24 "	12 50
do 25 "	13 00
do 26 "	13 50
do 27 "	14 00
do 28 "	14 50
do 29 "	15 00
do 30 "	15 50
do 31 "	16 00
do 32 "	16 50
do 33 "	17 00
do 34 "	17 50
do 35 "	18 00
do 36 "	18 50
do 37 "	19 00
do 38 "	19 50
do 39 "	20 00
do 40 "	20 50
do 41 "	21 00
do 42 "	21 50
do 43 "	22 00
do 44 "	22 50
do 45 "	23 00
do 46 "	23 50
do 47 "	24 00
do 48 "	24 50
do 49 "	25 00
do 50 "	25 50
do 51 "	26 00
do 52 "	26 50
do 53 "	27 00
do 54 "	27 50
do 55 "	28 00
do 56 "	28 50
do 57 "	29 00
do 58 "	29 50
do 59 "	30 00
do 60 "	30 50
do 61 "	31 00
do 62 "	31 50
do 63 "	32 00
do 64 "	32 50
do 65 "	33 00
do 66 "	33 50
do 67 "	34 00
do 68 "	34 50
do 69 "	35 00
do 70 "	35 50
do 71 "	36 00
do 72 "	36 50
do 73 "	37 00
do 74 "	37 50
do 75 "	38 00
do 76 "	38 50
do 77 "	39 00
do 78 "	39 50
do 79 "	40 00
do 80 "	40 50
do 81 "	41 00
do 82 "	41 50
do 83 "	42 00
do 84 "	42 50
do 85 "	43 00
do 86 "	43 50
do 87 "	44 00
do 88 "	44 50
do 89 "	45 00
do 90 "	45 50
do 91 "	46 00
do 92 "	46 50
do 93 "	47 00
do 94 "	47 50
do 95 "	48 00
do 96 "	48 50
do 97 "	49 00
do 98 "	49 50
do 99 "	50 00
do 100 "	50 50

Cards in "Business Directory," \$1.50 per year each for 3 lines; \$1.00 per year for each additional line. Special Notices (loaded and kept inside, having no ordinary advertisement character), 50 per cent advance on ordinary rates.

Notices of Meetings, Charitable Societies, Fire Companies, etc., half price.

Advertisements not accompanied with directions will be inserted till filled, and charged for accordingly. All Transient Advertisements must be paid for in advance. This rule will not be varied from.

Advertising bills collectible quarterly.

### BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Stationery, Paper, Printing, etc., at the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

## CHICAGO ADVERTISEMENTS.

From the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

### Chicago Steam Dye Works.

COOK & MCLEAN,  
 98 Dearborn St., and 133 S. Clark St.,  
 Chicago.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

GENTS' COATS, VESTS AND PANTS dyed or  
 cleaned with machine and dispatch.

LAIRDS' RAIN AND WOOLLEN DRESSES AND  
 SHAWLS dyed and cleaned in a superior manner.

Bonnets Dyed, Bleached and Pressed.

Send to us by express with directions.

COOK & MCLEAN.

### FAIRBANKS

STANDARD

OF ALL KINDS.

Also,  
 WAREHOUSE CRACKS, LETTER  
 PRESSES, &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,  
 112 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in Janesville by J. H. HARRISON.

Is successful to buy only the Genuine. No  
 impostors.

### METAL WAREHOUSE

Vandervoort, Dickerson & Co.,  
 IMPORTERS OF

TIN PLATE, &c.,  
 AND DEALERS IN

Metals,  
 TINNERS' STOCK.

AGENTS FOR

HOWE'S IMPROVED SCALES.

199 and 201 Randolph Street, CHICAGO

1863. DRY GOODS. 1863.

Staple and Fancy,

FOR THE SPRING.

### HARMON, CALE & CO.,

(Successors to Harmon, Alton & Gale.)  
 88 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.

WE offer to the trade a large and well selected  
 stock of

COTTON AND WOOL GOODS,

PRINTS,

COTTONADES,

Yankee Notions, Hoop Skirts,

HOSIERY,

AND OTHER GOODS, IN OUR LINE.

We are now largely in stock and are prepared to offer  
 for great inducements to close buyers. We solicit an  
 examination from all wishing to purchase.

1628088 HARMON, CALE & CO.

### Another Large Invoice of

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS!

JUST received at the Janesville Literary Emporium,  
 corner of Lake and Main Streets. Some beautiful styles.

Call at the Store of

RICE, CAUL & RICE

and see the best assortment of

HOOP SKIRTS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

We have just received, direct from the manufacturers  
 a large invoice of skirts and now offer the following  
 styles to ladies at the lowest prices.

BEADDED'S IMMOVABLE CLASPED.

DO WIDE TAPE

DO DIAMOND TIE

DO SHEWAN & CO'S GORE TRAIL KID

TAUBED.

DO BRIDAL

DO QUAKER

DO NARROW TAPE

DO WE have also the BEST and LARGEST assortment of

YOUNG LADIES, MISSES, AND

CHILDREN'S SKIRTS

to be found in the city.

### WANTED!

For the

8th United States Infantry,

FIFTY able bodied men between  
 the ages of 18 and 35 years,  
 not less than 5 feet 3 inches high,  
 and of good character. The term  
 of service will be for one year,  
 and will be terminated by the regular  
 soldier will be entitled to the same  
 pay and bounties as those allowed  
 in the volunteer service.

By general orders 154, issued  
 from the Adj. Gen's office, Wash-  
 ington, D. C., volunteers can trans-  
 fer to the regular army.

By good conduct and attention  
 to duty a soldier will rise to the  
 position of a non-commissioned  
 officer, and many are promoted to  
 the rank of commissioned officers.

If a soldier becomes disabled, he  
 will receive a pension or may gain  
 admission to the Soldiers' Home,  
 which will afford him a comfortable  
 residence as long as he may  
 wish to enjoy its benefits. For further information ap-  
 ply at No. 8, High Street, to S. A. ALLEN,  
 Lt. 8th U. S. Infy, Recruiting Officer.

### The Rochester

BOOT & SHOE STORE!

consisting of splendid new styles of

Wall Papers, Tassels and Curtain Cord.

Also,

PORTFOLIOS OF ALL SIZES.

Bankers & Lawyers Cases,

POCKET BOOKS, WALLPAPERS AND PORTFOLIOS,

together with a large invoice of choice

Miscellaneous and Toy Books, Etc.

Sutherland's Bookstore is the

PLACE TO GET GOOD AND CHEAP BOOKS!

March 24th, 1863.

### GOLD WANTED.

WE will pay the highest market price for all kinds of  
 gold, for any amount of Gold, delivered at our store.

SMITH & BROWN,  
 Janesville, March 24th, 1863.

### WALL PAPERS!

A NEW and very supply of Wall Papers, com-  
 bracing a large variety of

Beautiful Patterns,

Just received and for sale cheap.

PLEASE CALL ON SUTHERLAND'S BOOKSTORE.

P. S.—Remember that Sutherland has a larger stock  
 of papers than all other stores in the city combined.

March 24th, 1863.

SMITH & BROWN,  
 Janesville



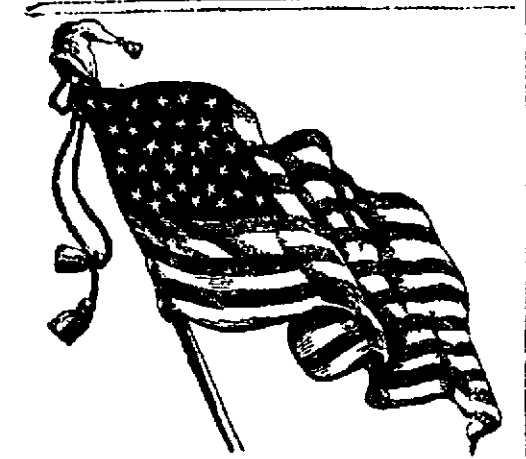




## City of Janesville.

Friday Evening, May 29, 1863.

## Official Paper of the City.



Forever float that standard sheet—  
Where breathes the foe but falls before us?  
With Freedom's soil beneath our feet,  
And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

## Vicksburg.

The news to-day and last night from Vicksburg has rather a bad look. This chiefly arises, however, from the disappointment arising from the denial of the reports of the capture of the rebel stronghold. It is evident enough that the six regiments reported by the rebels were all reconnoissances except that of Friday. On that day there was a general assault, which was unsuccessful and attended by heavy loss. One report places it at 5,000, and another at 1,000. If it had been anything like a defeat that would seriously cripple General Grant's army, it would have been mentioned by Gen. Lee, who left there on Saturday morning and arrived at Cairo on Thursday. The assault of Friday and its failure was followed on Saturday by no active military operations. What was done on Sunday is not yet known as the latest report, to this writing, is to Sunday morning. The army was then completely investing Vicksburg and doubtless preparing for another movement upon the rebel works.

It cannot be doubted that there is danger to be apprehended from the force which Johnston is concentrating in the rear. He is an active officer, and will have every assistance possible in the quick performance of his work. It is plainly Gen. Grant's policy to make reiterated attacks until he accomplishes his object, as a protracted siege in that climate and locality, with an enemy threatening him in the rear, is not to be thought of.

We do not doubt that the government is sending forward every possible reinforcement. It is to be hoped also, that Gen. Banks may be able to make a diversion below, as it is reported, although this may be premature, that he has already arrived at Warrenton.

## The Reported Capture of Vicksburg.

The report of the capture of Vicksburg which we published last evening, on the authority of a dispatch received at Chicago turns out to be untrue. The Journal, of yesterday, speaks of the same report as follows: A private dispatch was received here this morning from a gentleman at Cairo, stating that Vicksburg surrendered, with everything in it, on Monday afternoon at four o'clock. After diligent endeavors to fathom the matter, we are satisfied that the report is based upon mere rumor and is not reliable.

## Why is Surgeon Gen. Wolcott not at Vicksburg?

The dispatch of the Madison correspondent of the Chicago Tribune, dated the 28th, says: "As soon as Surgeon General Wolcott returns from Washington, he will be dispatched with a corps of surgeons, to aid Wisconsin wounded there." We should like very well to know why Surgeon General Wolcott is not already at Vicksburg attending to this duty. Other states are on the ground ministering to the wants of their wounded. The very state of things which now exists at Vicksburg has been expected for the last four weeks, and there appears to be good excuse for the delay in sending forward surgeons, nurses and sanitary stores. Surely there is no pressing business for Dr. Wolcott in Washington, in performing professional business for which he receives remuneration from the state. The sick and wounded of our state have long been attended to there. Let him hasten to the field of his duty at Vicksburg, or let some one be appointed who will discharge this necessary labor.

The New Orleans Era of May fifth says: "We have good reason for saying that a large part of the forces under Gen. Hunter, and most of the iron-clads recently engaged at Charleston, are now on their way to this department. We believe that in twenty days both Mobile and Galveston will be in our possession."

Jeff. Davis, it is reported, has ordered Mr. Vallandigham to Richmond, where the question of his sojourn in the southern confederacy will be determined.

There is pleasure in listening to good music, and greater pleasure in relieving suffering. Go to the Soldiers Concert to night and enjoy both.

Miss Anna E. Dickinson talked to a crowded house at the Brooklyn Academy of Music, Friday evening, on "How Providence is Teaching the Nation."

The Grand Traverse (Mich.) Herald, alluding to the shipments of tar from that county to Chicago, says it understands that the Bohemians who manufactured it intend to go into the business extensively. There is a strip of land from one to two miles wide extending across the head of Grand Traverse Bay, which was at one time covered with Norway and white pine. The timber has been mostly cut, and the pitchy roots of the stumps will afford material enough to make an incalculable amount of tar.

SHIP CANAL AROUND NIAGARA FALLS.—The Hon. D. C. Littlejohn addressed the New York Chamber of Commerce, on Monday, in favor of the building of a ship canal around Niagara Falls, from Lake Ontario to Lake Erie.

Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.

FOURTEEN MILES OFF, MAY 14, 1863.

The hour which is to decide the contest in Mississippi cannot be far off. Our advance column is now 10 miles from Jackson. The position we hold is one of immense strength. The line of advance has been along a series of hills, abounding in the event of a regular battle, so that in the event of a regular battle we do not anticipate a continuous run in next to impossible. Fortune, or Providence, has smiled upon us as interruptedly ever since we abandoned the canals and swamps above Vicksburg and fairly crossed the Rubicon. The present state of affairs looks very much like a checkmate. Pemberton never dreamed that a trail egg-shell of a transport could pass the gauntlet of a hundred cannon shot without suffering annihilation, and when seven steamers, one pleasant evening, slipped past the batteries at Vicksburg, the calculations of the enemy were completely overturned. The elaborate rifle pits and fortifications of Grand Gulf indicate that the enemy supposed our first attempt would be to carry that position, and when McClernand gave Grand Gulf the go-by, and pushed his corps swiftly up the hills ten miles to the south, they were confounded. They had for once been fairly outwitted and out-generaled. They met us with a force wholly inadequate, were routed before their reinforcements could save them, and have already been driven back fifty miles.

Families have had no time to take away their property or remove themselves.—Large quantities of live stock, and cotton enough to keep the looms of Manchester humming all night, have fallen into our hands. Meantime the news reaches us that Grierson has broken the Jackson and New Orleans railroad in a score of places, so as to prevent the possibility of a speedy reinforcement from Fort Hudson. This fact we learn from rebel newspapers, and it must be trustworthy. The enemy must fight us soon, and fight us without his usual advantages in either numbers or position, and under the depressing influence of a recent disaster, or give up the Maiden City of the West, and with it the Mississippi. For it is plainly the determination to push him to the wall. I am at a loss to know when, in the course of the present war, an army has massed its force so rapidly and advanced with so much rapidity.—In less than two weeks we have passed the rebel stronghold, crossed a difficult river at a point commanded by strong natural defenses, beaten the enemy in a pitched battle, and advanced more than fifty miles with an army capable in numbers and arms of a Waterloo.

We have had a surfeit of fair weather, and long for rain. Immense clouds of dust, at times suffocating and blinding, and covering beard and person with a dingy equal, but almost defies recognition, envelope the vast column as it advances. The progress of cavalry is like the sweep of the scimitar. You hear the rattle of hoof and the saber. You see a long dense volume of dust, and a hardly distinguishable throng rushing through it pell mell. Our fair riders, whose ideas of war have been derived from the parade ground, would be sadly disappointed at the sight of these toil-worn, dirt-begrimed fellows. Yet, to such swarthy, sunburnt, tattered columns belongs the glory of the war. They wear the badges and heraldic honors of a long, untiring, faithful service, and the country will cherish the number and birth-place of their regiments, while the principles they supported through dust and rain, and long marches, are held dear to the nation. The lonely bivouac at night, the dream of home, broken by the roar of cannon—let our fair countrywomen think of these, when hand in hand with some scented and gloved Beau Brummel, they "chase the glowing hours with flying feet," in the ball-room. Like the heroes of '76, their graves are scattered along the shores and hillsides of every state.

The meat-kill, the highest thing, is fast coming to a solution. The slaves are flocking in from all waters, the copper heads to the contrary notwithstanding, by the thousands. Like the bondmen of Gopher, they help themselves to "Massa's" wine, wagons, and household wares; and, condensing kitchen, parlor, and bed chamber into the compass of a cart or carriage, come flocking into camp from all quarters. Women on horseback, children in quantities that would awaken the liveliest anticipations of a Malthusian, provoke the laughter and applause of the soldiers, who, by the way, are fast becoming practical abolitionists. The 1st Mississippi, or *Massa's* as they are styled, are being rapidly organized by Col. Rofinger, formerly captain in the 2d Illinois cavalry. The negroes are our best, frequently our only trustworthy guides, and form a very valuable arm of the service. While on this subject, I may as well mention an incident which came within my knowledge, and which adds one to the ten thousand proofs of the fact that slavery is not, after all, such a Divine institution as the *Nehemiah* Adamses represent it. A negro—evidently an honest man, as we gathered both from his manner and from the correctness of his information about the roads—told us that he was the slave of a Mr. Beverly Blunt, whose plantation terminated on the Edward's Depot road; that his master was deformed in both hands and club-footed; that he had told the wife of this man to weave a certain piece of cloth within a week; that she misunderstood the order, or for some reason failed to fulfill it, and in consequence received 500 lashes, and was afterwards hit her in the face with a board by this monster in form and character, and, after lingering for some time, died from the effects of this most unnatural punishment.

THE APPROACH TO CHARLESTON.—A letter from one of our soldiers on Folly Island, near Charleston, says: "I see that the correspondent of the New York Times intimates that our iron-clads were repulsed, and says that 'Charleston is impregnable.' He may be able to make some persons believe such stories, but we, who are in plain view of Sumter and surroundings, know better. If Charleston is not in our possession within one month, some person or persons high in authority ought to sink so deep in oblivion that the loudest notes of Gabriel's horn would fail to reach them. Folly Island, which we have held, runs along the coast from Morris Island, and is only separated from it by a low tide almost narrow strait, which is about eight miles long, and a mile and a half wide, and commands Morris Island, and on which we plant batteries that with the aid of the gunboats we can shell them off of Morris Island in eight hours' time; and, once in possession of Morris Island, we have Cummings Point, on which we can plant siege guns, with which we could batter down Fort Sumter—the sand-hills being perfect protection from the shot and shell of Fort Sumter and Moultrie. We are fortifying this island and preparing for another advance. The old 67th is now encamped within three and a half miles of Fort Sumter."

The government has prepared thirty thousand beds for wounded soldiers of the west, but the government cannot do all that is needful. The Ladies' Hospital Relief Society of this city would be glad to assist, but they must have the means.

I lately dined in company with one of those insane young gentlemen who, as Theodore Winthrop says in "Cecil Dreeme," praise slavery and think they are aristocratic. The young gentleman went on for some time, when Mrs. — said to him politely:

"If you sympathize with the rebels, why don't you go and join them?"

"I, madame? I assure you I am perfectly loyal."

"Indeed?"

"Why, certainly, only I stand by the government, not by the administration."

"So Vallandigham says."

"So Brooks says."

"That is, I am afraid we are alienating the south."

"So Tom Tom Seymour says."

"In other words, I am a Union man, but I don't think we can restore it."

"So Toucey says."

"But, my dear madame, the war is unconstitutionally carried on."

"So George Ticknor Curtis says."

"I mean that our liberties are in danger."

"So Fernando Wood says."

"Well, but isn't the war fratricidal?"

"So Ben Wood says."

"Come, then, isn't it hopeless?"

"So the London Times says."

"Yes, my dear madame, but what on earth do you say?"

"I say that whoever stands against the administration in this war stands against the government. I say that whoever says he is an abolitionist means that he intends to embarrass the war. I say that whoever is afraid of alienating the south is afraid of irritating a snake that has already stung him. I say that whoever thinks that force cannot restore the Union does not know that Union is the most irresistible instinct of the American people. I say that whoever says the war is unconstitutional carried on is in danger of being split by the tempest in which he is trying to split hairs. I say that whoever says our liberties are imperiled by the government and not by the rebellion, works and prays for the success of the rebellion and the annihilation of all civil liberty and order. I say that whoever calls the war fratricidal has no more conception of national honor than lottery dealers are said to have of honesty. I say that whoever considers the cause of the United States hopeless hates that cause in his heart, and is utterly ignorant of the character of the people and of the facts of the situation. That is what I say, and that is what every truly American man or woman says and believes."

The young gentleman made no reply; but he sat at the club, he said to a friend, "I dined yesterday at Mrs. —'s. What an awful abolitionist she is!"—*Harpur's Weekly.*

GRAND REBEL RAID.—It is supposed by some, that Jeff. Davis is arranging for a startling enterprise, similar to that of Stoneman and Grierson, but on a larger scale. His object will be three-fold—to plunder northern stores of provisions, clothing, etc., for the replenishing of his own exhausted commissariat, to "strike terror into the northern heart," and to give England an example of southern prowess and enterprise that shall set all the silly secession geese in that country into a vigorous goose. The New York Evening Post thinks there is something more than talk in this, and sets forth the following reasons for giving it credence:

"There are unmistakable indications that Davis is quietly withdrawing troops from the ontying camps along the sea coast to reinforce Lee, which movement will be continued, we think, until that general has a command of from one hundred and fifty to two hundred thousand men. As soon as it is ready Lee will move, we conjecture, not in the direction of Washington, but of the Shenandoah Valley, with a view to crossing the Potomac somewhere between Martinsburg and Cumberland. It will be easy for him, should he be able to catch the valley, to defend his flanks, by occupying the gaps which are the only access to it, and to maintain also uninterrupted communications with Stanton and the Central Virginia railroad. The valley itself is filled with rapidly ripening harvests, and, once upon the river, supplies may be got from Pennsylvania."

## ALL SORTS OF PARAGRAPHS.

TO BE EXECUTED.—There will be four executions on Johnson's Island, near Sandusky, Ohio, to-day, the President having approved of the sentence of death pronounced by a court-martial against Wm. S. Burgess, Thomas Perkins, and George Sims, convicted as rebel spies, John C. Shore, private in the 19th Illinois, convicted of desertion, is to be shot the same day, the President having approved the sentence of the court-martial.

The execution of the spy, Thomas M. Campbell, has, by order of the President, been postponed until further orders.

A Boston merchant has started west in pursuit of a runaway wife, who eloped with his book-keeper, carrying off \$2,200. The money is west chasing, but we doubt if the wife is.

A lady in Hartford purchased three shad for 75 cents, and on dressing one, found inside a plated finger ring and \$2.50 gold piece. A wealthy shad and a good spec.

The prize steamer *Adela* is about to sail from the Brooklyn navy yard. She has a new style of paddle-wheels, which, it is said, enable her to make eighteen miles an hour. Her engines are very powerful, and, but for a mere accident, she would have escaped from the cruiser which captured her. She is believed to be the fastest steamer in the navy.

It is estimated that wool clippings in New Mexico this season will amount to nine million pounds. The last legislature incorporated a company, who propose to erect extensive woolen factories at Los Vegas.

The aggregate of the public debt on the 8th instant was, in round numbers, \$984,000,000, of which legal tender notes, including the fractional currency, amount to about \$400,000,000.

Prof. Whitney, the state geologist of California, found among the Sierra Nevadaes, about 2000 feet above the level of the ocean, an almost perfect jaw of a rhinoceros.

Huge petrified oyster shells were also found among the mountains of the interior, and at a great elevation.

The copperheads of Indiana recently sent a large package of treasonable documents to the 2d Indiana cavalry. A great majority of the men spurned the trash, and refused to read it.

All rebel prisoners confined at the west are ordered to be sent immediately to City Point for exchange. All our prisoners in rebel hands will be speedily released. The numbers are about equal on each side.

## REPORTER FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE.

BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE, Office at Union Passenger Depot.

## Last Night's Report.

CAIRO, May 28.

Special to the Tribune.—By the arrival of the steamer *Imperial* from Memphis last evening, in default of all letters and dispatches from correspondents, I gather from the officers of the boat, and other reliable persons, the following latest news from Vicksburg:

It appears, that, as previously reported, General Grant had taken all the enemy's works, with the exception of a redoubt, in which their entire force was gathered, and which they defended with pikes, the elevation being too steep for the use of firearms.

This was ordered to be taken on the 22d. Gen. Alvin P. Hovey's brigade pressed forward and attempted an escalade by the use of ladders. At one time there was hope of success, Gen. Hovey having, with his own hands, planted our colors upon their wall; but after hard fighting, our troops were repulsed with great loss, and that attempt was for the time abandoned.

As this was the forlorn hope of the evening, it was supposed some means would be found to take it before the rebels could bring forces to its flank. The loss in Gen. Hovey's brigade must be severe.

CAIRO, May 28, 10 p. m.

The *Imperial*, just arrived from Memphis, brings the body of the Colonel of the 33d Illinois—Capt. L. Stevens, of the 77th Illinois, brings the body of his brother, C. Stevens.

From Capt. Stevens I learn the following particulars: The fighting on Friday was desperate. In the morning, as before stated, Pemberton offered to surrender on certain terms. Grant refused, but immediately proceeded to make an assault. We charged their fortifications, and took some of them. The rebels rallied and retook them.

There was much hand to hand fighting. Many of our men were killed in the ditch, which is twelve feet wide and seven feet deep.

Capt. Stevens says our loss that day in killed, wounded, and prisoners, was about five thousand, much larger he thinks than the rebels, as they fought behind fortifications.

The rebels used hand grenades when we attempted to storm their works.

In the march from Jackson to Vicksburg our forces were on short rations; for four days they had but one cracker per day, and nothing else except what was foraged.

Capt. Stevens thinks we still hold Jackson.

It was reported that one corps of Banks' army had arrived at Warrenton.

Dead rebels have corn meal and bacon in their haversacks. Prisoners state that their rations were one-fourth pound of meat per day, and a small quantity of meal.

We have lost a number of field officers but no Generals. Seven died on the way up to Memphis.

IN THE FIELD NEAR VICKSBURG, May 23, 9 p. m.

Special dispatch to the Chicago Times. There was no fighting to-day, the troops resting from yesterday's assault. Our repulse was complete on all parts of the line. No discouragement need be entertained as to final success. The city is closely invested, and must succumb to our attack, sooner or later.

We are intrenching and building rifle-pia.

Cavalry have been sent out toward Canton to ascertain Gen. Joe Johnston's whereabouts.

Our loss yesterday was not far from 1,000. It is tolerably certain the works cannot be carried by assault. A regular siege must reduce them. Two weeks will probably be consumed.

Gen. Banks' army is reported coming up, but this report is probably untrue.

MEMPHIS, May 27, (via Cairo, 28.) The *st. Sullivan*, from Young's Point, reports that last Friday the federals were repulsed at Vicksburg, but next day recovered the position and occupied it.

The City of Memphis, which left on Monday and arrived to-day reports Gen. Grant as having captured every redoubt.

LATER.—At one place it was necessary, owing to the steepness of the hill, to scale with ladders—Gen. C. E. Hovey led the assault. The rebels rolled shells down the hill at the federals, which exploded among them, making fearful havoc.

Furious fighting was going on when the boat left. Federal losses are said to be very heavy.

MEMPHIS, Thursday, May 28. The first load of wounded from General Grant's army has arrived. Among these are Col. Macready and Lieut. Col. McCauley, of the 11th Indiana. Their wounds are severe, but not dangerous.

Lieut. Col. Richard F. Barton, of the 24th Indiana, had his right hand shattered while grasping the colors of his regiment, and endeavoring to rally his men under a murderous fire. In the several battles, the 11th and 24th Indiana lost about 200 men each. Capt. Holman, of the 24th Indiana, is killed.

Gen. Hovey's division, at Champion Hill, maintained the brunt of the fight, against an overwhelming force of rebels under Joe Johnston.

WASHINGTON, May 28. The *Star* says: "It may not be improper to say that private information from experienced officers now in the vicinity of Vicksburg, written as Gen. Grant was about to commence the siege of that city, expressed the opinion that it would be the work of at least a week or two ere its reduction would be looked for."

"All the officers of the gunboat *Indiana*, which was run into near the mouth of the Red river on the 28th of February last, by rebel rams, and sunk, have arrived here. They were in Vicksburg some time, and state that the streets were fairly studded with rifle pits, and every favorable spot along the wharves or in the suburbs had this kind of defenses constructed in them. When it was necessary, yards of houses were taken and used in the same manner, and around dwellings. In consequence of these obstructions, very few wagons were seen in the streets."

"On the 8th inst., at West Point, near Montgomery, Ala., they met about 4,000 troops, who were on their way to Jackson to reinforce Pemberton. They learned from them that they were drawn from Charleston and Savannah, and were portions of Beauregard's force."

"In the exchange boat, on James river, the captain of the boat congratulated those on board at their exchange, for he expected they would be the last he would see. He says, the rebels resolved to exchange any more until they had received some satisfaction from our government relative to the shooting of two rebel spies by Gen. Burnside. The captain said they had selected two officers to be hung in retaliation for this act of Burnside's."

At 10 o'clock to-night there was nothing official from Vicksburg.

The Bulletin has a special dispatch from Cincinnati, which gives news said to have been received by way of Murfreesboro. It is to the following effect:

We have rebel news that Gen. Pemberton has repulsed six assaults upon Vicksburg, but that they greatly feared the next assault, which was about being made.—The rebels also say that Gen. Loring had cut his way through at Haines' Bluff and escaped. The fact of the matter is, that whoever commanded the rebel forces at Haines' Bluff was cut off from connection with the rebel forces at Vicksburg.

PHILADELPHIA, May 28.

The Evening Bulletin of this city has the following special dispatch:

WASHINGTON, May 28. The following changes and appointments are announced by the Provost Marshal General, under the act for enrolling and calling out the national forces:

Illinois.—Solomon Lewis, commissioner 6th district; Isaac S. Milliken, commissioner 1st district, vice Hessing, declined; B. S. Jones, commissioner 8th district, vice Clinton, succeeded; Isaac A. Phillips, provost marshal 13th district, vice Carroll, re-elected.

Indiana.—M. S. Smith, commissioner 10th district, vice Jenkins, declined; Dr. W. B. Colburn, surgeon 2d district, vice Clapp, declined.

Ohio.—A. E. Jones, provost marshal 1st district, vice Sargent, cancelled; W. H. Jones, commissioner 4th district, vice Young, declined.

Michigan.—Dr. Hitchcock, surgeon 2d district.

Wisconsin.—Wm. A. Bugh, commissioner 5th district, vice Finlay, declined.

CINCINNATI, May 28. A number of conscripts from the 6th Tenn. rebel regiment, reached Cairo on the 25th. They were on their way from Fort Hudson to join Gen. Bragg's army when the battle of Raymond was fought. In flight they refused to fire on the federals and shot into the air. After this engagement they encamped at Mississippi Springs. In the middle of the night half of the 6th Tenn. rebel regiment left their camp, determined to make their way into the federal lines. They say there has been at no time more than 10,000 rebel troops at Port Hudson.

NEW YORK, May 28. The ship *Commonwealth*, of Boston, Capt. McClellan, from N. Y., March 20th, for San Francisco, was captured by the Alabama previous to the 24th ult.

WASHINGTON, May 28. The Washington *Star* says: "A letter was received there yesterday, stating that a large rebel steamer, heavily loaded with cotton, had been captured off Galveston."

NEW YORK, May 28. Correspondent of the Commercial says: New Orleans has been secured from any invasion by the arrival of reinforcements, so that should the insurgents attempt an attack upon the place during Banks' absence, they will signally fail.

CAIRO, May 28.

Special dispatch to the Chicago Evening Journal.—No boat has arrived from below since yesterday.

Gen. Buford and Capt. Pennock have been ready for three days to each fire a salute of thirty-four guns whenever the news of the fall of Vicksburg is certainly known, but the guns have not thundered yet.

I am told private advices from Memphis, by telegraph this morning, say a boat reached that point this morning from below, but that its news was not permitted to be telegraphed. This looks unfavorable.

The anxiety here is intense.

Mrs. Wittenmyer, State Sanitary Agent of Iowa, is here, going below on the first boat.

LATER.—Later private advices say the position at Vicksburg is much as described yesterday. The rebels are closely hemmed in, and the federals are continually gaining ground. We are assured it must fall soon.

Adjutant Gen. Thomas will be here this evening on the Rocket, having left Memphis last evening.

MURFREESBORO, Tenn., May 28. Special to Chicago Times.—Dispatches from Gen. Grant via Memphis arrived to-day, the tone of which are highly encouraging. The army is in excellent condition, considering the trying ordeal of march, siega, and battle through which it has lately passed, and which it has triumphantly overcome.

The general says the city is completely invested, and that the enemy, driven from the outer works by storm, are huddled within the inner, with every prospect of being captured soon. Our artillery keep balling at the cordon of frowning earthworks above, and it is believed that, before many days, if an assault fails, hunger will certainly avail to insure the fall of the Mississippi Gibraltar. Immediately after the occupation of the outer works, an assault was made, which, though unsuccessful, resulted in no serious loss to us. While the artillery is engaging the enemy's attention, and gradually but surely crumbling his works, the army is enjoying a breathing spell below, and gathering strength to carry the city by storm. Not many days will pass ere the fate of Vicksburg will be decided.

## To-Day's Report.

(Reported Exclusively for the Daily Gazette.)

## MORNING DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, May 27. Herald's special.—It is considered by most military men that rebel strategy looks to recrossing the frontier, while every effort shall be put forth to crush Grant's army. If he be not able to take Vicksburg by storm he has acquired by a most perilous movement, a foothold in the rear of the city which cuts off the entire Yazoo region and will thereby enable him, if properly reinforced, to push back the rebel base to the great river of Alabama, and thereby ensure the early fall of Vicksburg. The latest information from Vicksburg received by the government is contained in an unofficial dispatch from Memphis, dated May 27th, which states that two boats from Vicksburg has just reached Memphis, as it takes two days to run from Vicksburg to Memphis.

The telegram says no official dispatches were received by these boats, but they report that the attack on Vicksburg was progressing, and that Grant was still gaining. It is also reported that Gen. Carr and Col. Bloome had been killed.

WASHINGTON, May 28. Special to Tribune.—No rebel camps are visible on the heights beyond Fredericksburg to-day. Many of the horses which used to graze in herds on the plains below have also disappeared. The rebels are showing renewed activity along the Upper Rappahannock, and massing troops along United States and Kelly's Forth. It is not thought they intend to cross, though prospects of an early battle begin to be discovered in the army.

Times' special.—A reconnoitering force sent out by Gen. Milroy at Winchester, arrived at Fairfax this evening. They came in by way of Aldie's Gap, and report no rebels visible in the country traversed.—Great destitution prevails among the residents of that part of Virginia. There is very little land under cultivation this season.

Telegraphic advices to the government from the headquarters of the army of the

Potomac, report that the rebel pickets, today, shouted across the river to our pickets that the Yankees had taken Vicksburg. This is undoubtedly the opinion of the rebels on the Rappahannock, but whether correct or not time will show.

Nothing has yet been heard from the movement of Gen. Johnston, but he is undoubtedly engaged in collecting forces with the intention of attacking Grant in the rear, but it is believed that he can obtain force enough before Vicksburg is carried to make a formidable demonstration. When the boat above mentioned left Vicksburg everything was going on well, and it is believed here in official circles that the news of the final and complete capture of the place will soon be received.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, May 28th.

Special to the Herald.—The rebel army is evidently moving. Lee has issued an order which was read to the troops a few days since, congratulating them upon their past achievements and foreshadowing a raid into Maryland. He tells them they are to have long and rapid marches through a country without railroads, and calls upon every man to be prepared for his severest hardships. Wonderful victories are promised them, and the overthrow of our army predicted as







**Arrival and Departure of Mails**  
At the Jacksonville Post Office, from and after May 4th, 1883.  
Arrive. Close. Depart.  
Chicago, through, 11:00 A. M. 9:30 A. M. 7:30 A. M.  
" " " 12:37 P. M. 1:45 P. M. 2:37 P. M.  
Chicago & N. W. north, 3:32 P. M. 12:30 M. 12:30 P. M.  
Milwaukee through, 1:10 A. M. 9:00 P. M. 11:10 P. M.  
Milwaukee & way, 10:30 A. M. 2:45 P. M. 3:15 P. M.  
Belvidere and way, 2:30 P. M. 9:30 A. M. 9:30 A. M.  
Eastern mail, via Detroit, 8:15 A. M. 11:30 A. M. 12:10 P. M.  
Overland mail to Milwaukee, departs Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 P. M., and departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 4 A. M.  
Overland mail to Madison departs Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7 A. M., and arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 P. M.  
Overland mail to St. Louis departs Tuesday and Friday at 7 A. M., and arrives Wednesday and Saturday at 6 P. M.  
Overland mail to St. Louis departs Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7 A. M., and arrives Wednesday, Friday and Sunday at 6 P. M.  
J. M. BURGESS, Postmaster.

Tickets for the concert this evening 25 cents, to be had at the bookstores or the door.

Janesville Companies at Vicksburg.

There are three companies from this city in the army before Vicksburg. Two in the 33d regiment, one in the eighth, and the twelfth battery. We do not know to what division the 33d has been assigned as it has recently gone to Vicksburg. The eighth and the battery are in Gen. McPherson's army corps; the battery is in Crocker's division, formerly Kimbly's, and was probably in the battles of Jackson and Champion Hills. We have no letters from either of our companies since the 7th inst. The anxiety among their friends to hear from them is very great.

When our wounded friends and neighbors return (if they do return) to tell of their suffering, will any one feel like looking them in the face who has not done all he can to relieve them? Go to the concert this evening and help the ladies in their noble work.

Proceedings of the Common Council.

**SPECIAL MEETING,**  
THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 26.  
Present, His Honor the Mayor, and all the Aldermen.

The minutes of the three previous meetings were read and approved.

A petition signed by nearly 300 persons, asking the repeal of an ordinance granting the C. & N. W. Railway, the privilege of building bridges over streets at Monterey, according to specifications adopted. Petition placed on file.

A petition was presented by J. A. St. John, asking relief for sheep killed by dogs. Referred to the aldermen of the third ward.

Alderman Patton presented an assessment for grading South Third street, and moved that an order for \$158.88 be drawn on the general fund for work done adjoining the high school block. Referred to the finance committee.

The finance committee reported in favor of allowing the following accounts: Patrick Barron, first ward fund, \$18; Wm. Watson, gas, \$3; Holt, Bowen & Wilcox, \$194.85; V. Atwood, \$3; Geo. H. Williamson, \$42.66; gas company, \$8.48.

Licenses were granted to the following persons: H. Richards, B. Spence, Sol. Hutson, T. B. Woollicroft, Jas. Brown, Wm. Kanary, and M. Schuyler.

Ald. Strong presented an order establishing the grade of Pleasant street from the railroad track to the city limits. Placed on file.

The aldermen of the second ward were authorized to level the sidewalk between the residences of J. J. R. Pease and O. F. Meyers.

The assessors were authorized to employ J. H. Balch to assist them, at an expense not to exceed \$20.

The assessors were directed to assess all the real and personal property belonging to railroad companies in the city.

The special committee to whom was referred the opening of Academy street, reported that it is necessary to publish a notice before the street could be opened, which was adopted.

The special committee to whom was referred the ordinance in reference to the railroad bridges at Monterey, asked for further time. Ald. Patton moved that the time be extended one week; amended by Ald. Patton that the time be one year; Pending which the council adjourned.

Prof. Allen has prepared an admirable programme for this evening's entertainment. Choruses and solos, trios, sacred, patriotic, pathetic and humorous, all find a place. The band will play of course.

A rich young woman of Baltimore, who lately boasted of putting on crapes for Stonewall Jackson, was sent South on Monday. She positively refused to take the oath.

Senator John P. Hale, of New Hampshire, is on a visit to Washington, entirely recovered from his recent severe illness.

**1863. Grand Haven Route. 1863.**  
The steamship of this line commenced twice daily trips between Detroit and Grand Haven, in connection with the Detroit and Milwaukee railroad, Monday, May 4th, 1883, leaving at 4:00 a.m. the company's dock, Milwaukee, at 4:00 a.m. and 4:15 p.m.

This steamship makes the trip to Grand Haven, (a distance of 83 miles) in six hours, with as much regularity as the clock.

This is 13 hours the quickest, and 66 miles the shortest route, to all points in the Eastern States or Canada. Five hours the quickest, and 67 miles the shortest route to Cleveland, with no expense for sleeping car.

Fare from all points west, as low and from Milwaukee, one dollar less than by other lines.

In advantage of luxurious sleeping cars, changes in the day and night, and baggage checked through, this line is unsurpassed.

Offices in Milwaukee: Corner of Main and Wisconsin streets, near the Post Office, and Miles & Armour's Warehouse, Corner of East Water street.

J. H. WILMAN, Gen. Western Agent.  
W. K. MUIR, General Supt.  
ap22d

**Dwelling House**  
FOR SALE OR TO RENT.  
MY two story Dwelling House on Academy street, between the 2nd and 3rd wards, is a desirable residence. Addressed by O. B. Colwell, and is one of the pleasantest dwellings in the city. For further information apply to J. M. Hutton or to A. A. SAWYER.  
my31d

**Notice.**  
CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY.  
Chicago, April 27th, 1883.

THE Annual Meeting of the Bondholders and Stockholders of the Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company, will be held at the office of the company, in the city of Chicago, on Tuesday, the 4th day of June, 1883, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of Directors for the year ending on the 31st day of December next, and for the transaction of any other business which may come before them.

**HAIR-RESTORATIVE!**

**It is Not a Dye.**  
But restores gray hair to its original color by supplying the capillary tubes with natural assistance, impaired by age or disease. All instantaneous dyes are composed of pure chemicals, and are consequently injurious to the hair, and afford of themselves no dressing. Hair-restorative's infallible coloring not only restores hair to its natural color by an easy process, but gives the hair a luxuriant beauty.

Promotes its growth, prevents its falling off, eradicates dandruff, and imparts to the hair softness and pliancy. It has stood the test of time, being the original hair-coloring, and is constantly increasing in popularity by both gentlemen and ladies. It is sold by all respectable dealers, and can be procured by them of the sole and general agent, D. S. HARRIS, 903 Broadway, N. Y. Two sizes, 50 cents and \$1. cc22dmsw

**A Friend in Need. Try It.**

DR. SWERTZ' INFALLIBLE LINIMENT is prepared from the receipt of Dr. Stephen Sweet, of Connecticut, the great home settler, and has been used in his practice for the last twenty years with the most astonishing success. As an external remedy it will cure a trial, and will relieve more speedily than any other preparation. For all Rheumatic and Nervous Disorders it is truly infallible, and as a curative for all kinds of pains, it is equally reliable. Its healing and powerful strengthening properties, excite the just wonder and astonishment of all who have ever given it a trial. Over four hundred certificates of remarkable cures, performed by it within the last two years, are on file. See advertisement. ap13dmsw

**COMMERCIAL.**

**Janesville Wholesale Market.**

Reported for the Janesville Gazette, BUMP & GRAY, GRAIN AND PRODUCE DEALERS.

JANESVILLE, MAY 27, 1883.

Owing to the heavy rain storm this morning there was comparatively little done in the Wheat market to-day. Receipts were about 600 bushels, which sold at 98c for good to extra milling spring, and 95c for shipping grades. Oats were in better demand and prices ruled higher than yesterday. Sales at 42c to 45c per bushel. Corn remains quiet at 37c to 42c per 50 lbs. shelled, and 33c to 35c per 70 lbs. ear. But is in good supply at 12c to 12 1/2c good quality. Eggs plenty at 6c per dozen. Other produce unchanged.

We make up prices as follows:  
WHEAT—white winter, 1,051,20; good to extra milling spring 981,08; fair to good shipping grades, 86c; rejected qualities 70c to 80c; sprouts, 10c; bran, 10c; its nothing, 10c; DAILY—choice samples 1,001,10c per 50 lbs, and 60c common to fair.

CORN—white dent 45c per 50 lbs; yellow and mixed lots 37c to 40c; ear do 33c to 35c per 70 lbs.

OATS—good local and shipping demand at 42c to 45c per bushel.

BEANS—choice white 1,051,75 per 50 lbs, common to fair quality 601,00.

TIMOTHY SEED—dull at \$1,251.40 per 40 lbs.

BUTTER—in good supply at 10c to 12c.

POTATOES—dull at 25c to 30c for common to choice.

POULTRY—spring at retail 3,00, per 100 lbs.

POULTRY—dressed chickens 45c per lb, turkeys 60c.

EGGS—Green, to 60c; Dry, 10c to 12c.

DRESSED HOGS—firm at \$3,00, per 100 for heavy lots and 3,75 for light.

**NEW DRUG STORE.**

I am now opening the

**Central Drug Store,**

West Milwaukee Street,

TWO DOORS WEST OF CENTRAL BANK.

WHERE may be found a Choice and New Stock

DRUGS.

PATENT MEDICINES,

PAINTS,

VARNISHES,

PUTTY,

WINDOW GLASS,

BRUSHES,

TOILET SOAPS,

PERFUMERY, ESSENCES, &c.

In short everything usually kept in a

**First Class Drug Store.**

The public in the city and country are cordially invited to give me a call and

Examine My Stock of Goods.

The patronage of physicians is also respectfully solicited. My Medicines are of the

Purest and Most Reliable Quality,

(being all new), and having had over

**TWENTY YEARS EXPERIENCE**

(as a druggist and physician) in Pharmaceutical Chemistry, I can fill the prescriptions of physicians with

Dispatch, Accuracy and Safety.

I therefore hope, by close attention to business and a kind courtesy to

**MERIT A SHARE**

of public patronage.

JANESVILLE, April 27th, 1883.

E. RIDER, ap27dmsw

**REMOVAL.**

**WILSON'S MUSIC STORE**

removed to store opposite Myers Block,

Two Doors west of the Post Office,

where may be found a good assortment of

Pianos, Melodeons & Harmoniums,

also all the latest popular publications of

**SHEET MUSIC.**

Including a great variety of Patriotic Songs. We keep a large assortment of

**MUSICAL MERCHANDISE & INSTRUCTION BOOKS**

for every instruction now in use. We have, also, a

large stock of

**FOR SALE!**

My desirable Residence Lots, by

ALEX. GRAHAM.

my26d

**MOSELEY & BROTHER,**

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Books, Stationery & Paper Hangings,

HAVE constantly on hand a full supply of all goods in their line of business.

The following are some of the advantages which we possess over the competition. Low Rates:

**Fancy Dress Silks,**

**Fancy Dress Silks.**

Great Reduction in Prices.

RICE, GAUL & RICE

MARKED DOWN

FANCY DRESS SILKS!

comprising styles in

CHECKS, PLAIDS, STRIPES

and

BLACK BROCADES,

and can now offer bargains from

40 to 50 per Cent Cheaper

than they can be purchased elsewhere,

Our 60 cent Silks are worth from 75c to \$1.00 per yard.

Our 70 " " " " \$1.00 to 1.25

Our \$1.00 " " " " \$1.50 to 1.75

Our \$1.25 " " " " \$1.75 to 2.00

We have also some splendid shades in

**PLAIN BROWN AND BLUE SILKS**

of superior quality and lustre, which we offer at

\$2.00 Per Yard,

richly worth \$2.50.

**In Plain Black Silks**

our stock is unsurpassed. We have a full line of the celebrated

"Semper Idem" Brand,

also other grades, ranging in price from \$1.00 to \$2.00

per yard, and which, for quality and price, are acknowledged to be

**THE CHEAPEST**

in the city. We have also all colors in

**Lining Silks**

which we are

SELLING AT OLD PRICES.

Just Received:

a large assortment of

Ladies' White and Colored Hats!

latest styles.

RIOR, GAUL & RICE,

my21dmsw

**BOOKS! BOOKS!!**

A large and enthusiastic supply of

**MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,**

embroidering

Standard, Historical, Scientific

and

Juvenile Books,

together with a choice variety of

**NEW PUBLICATIONS**

at the

Regular Literary Emporium.

621d J. SUTHERLAND.

**AT DEARBORN'S!**

The following

**NEW AND POPULAR BOOKS**

Have Just Been Received:

THE Every Day Philosopher, by the Country Parson,

Astronomy of the Bible, by O. C. Mitchell,

Two Friends, by the Author of Patience of Hope,

The Pioneer and How to become President,

Sketches of the War, by O. C. Nutt,

Mill on Liberty,

Annals of Scientific Discovery for 1883,

Meditations on Death and Eternity, by

My Southern Friends, by the Author of Among the Pines

The Journal of the Crimea, by Kingsley,

Essays on the Greek Christian Poets, by Mrs. Browning,

Madame Guyon and Fennelon, from the French by Up-

ham,

Stanley's History of the Jewish Church,

Sea Kings and Naval Heroes, by Edgar,

Great History of Greece, 12 volumes,

Christian Nature, by Bushnell,

JANESVILLE, May 11th, 1883. my11d

**FAMILY BIBLES.**

I HAVE this day received, from the Manufacturers,

one of the largest and finest assortments of

**FAMILY BIBLES**

ever offered in this market, which we will sell at the

Old Prices.

Now is the time to get a good and cheap Family

Bible. J. SUTHERLAND.

JANESVILLE, April 16th, 1883. ap17d

**WAR CLAIMS.**

THE undersigned is prepared to collect all War

Claims

Against the Government,

including Pensions, Half-Pay, Bounty Money and Pay of

children in the Army, and Claims of Widows and Orphan

children, for a reasonable compensation. Office in Lap-

pin's Block, Janesville, Wis. H. N. COMSTOCK,

Attorney at Law.

**FLOWER SEEDS!**

THE largest and finest assortment ever brought to

this city. Also

GARDEN SEEDS,

at the Sign of the Golden Mortar. O. B. COLWELL.

**New York Cash Store!**

April 23d, 1883.

**FROM AUCTION.**

We bought at the Great Panlo

**Auction Sales in New York**

within the past few days, and are now receiving and

have in stock over 200 Auction lots of French, English

and German

**SPRING DRESS GOODS!**

many of them bought, and will be sold

Fifty per Cent Less

than the cost of importation. Our entire stock of

Fancy and Imported Goods

have been bought within the last ten days and during

the late gold panic, and will be sold here in Janesville

at less prices than our neighbors paid for their goods

in New York, that bought in the month of March,

**DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.**

We have not bought a yard of domestic cotton goods

since last October. Our stock is now consisting of

BROWN and BLEACHED SHIRTINGS,

DENIMS,

OVERCOATS,

SHIRTINGS,

STRIPIES,

PANAMA'S & MECHANICAL CASSIMERES,

KENTUCKY JEANS,

COTTONADES

and DRILLS.

They were bought then at a

VERY LARGE DISCOUNT

from the present prices. We have this day opened

**FIFTY PACKAGES**

of the above goods, which we shall

**SELL TEN PER CENT LOWER**

than the New York jobbing prices. We shall

Keep Our Prices Below

New York prices all the time, let them be what they

will, until we are sold out of our present stock.

**Now is the Time to Buy,**

as goods are

**AGAIN ON THE RISE**

In New York.

**Merchant Tailoring Department!**

In this department of trade we know

**No Competition.**







**THE FALCON**  
A MONTHLY

**SINGER & CO.'S**  
**TANDARD MACHINES**

Well known to be the best for

**Manufacturing Purposes:**

1, Standard Shuttle Machine, formerly  
sold at \$90,  
**Reduced to \$70.**

2, Standard Shuttle Machine, formerly  
sold at \$100,  
**Reduced to \$70.**

**Singer's Letter A Machine,**  
the best Machine in the world for Family Sewing  
and Light Manufacturing purposes; Price, (with  
numer.) and beautifully ornamented,  
**FIFTY DOLLARS.**

No. 1. and 2. machines are of great capacity and  
best for manufacturing purposes.  
No. 3. machines are especially adapted to all  
delicant and heavy

**LEATHER WORK.**

Carriage Trimming, Boot and Shoe Making, Hat Making, etc., etc. They are of extra size, with an

long enough to take under it and attach the large  
There is scarcely any part of a Trimmer  
re-attaching this machine he has to do with them  
by hand, so, too, the saving of time and labor is  
made, and the cost of these machines is so much  
less, and the saving of time and labor is the usual  
mainly of work. The large machines work as fast  
as the small ones.

We would ask for our Letter & Machines, the special  
attention of Vest Makers and Dress Makers, and all  
who want the latest for Light Manufacturing pur-  
poses. They are made in a variety of styles, and  
and pictures, making like this, the interlock attch,  
and destined to be celebrated for Family Sewing  
and Light manufacturing purposes. The small ma-  
chines are for manufacturing purposes in general.

We have always on hand

the following: Sewing Machines, Stik Twist, Linen  
and Cotton Thread, Sewing Machine Oil, Sewing  
Machine Oil in Bottles, etc., etc.

We manufacture our own Needles, and would warn  
all persons telling out of the country, that we do not  
know that there are needles sold of the most inferior  
quality, at higher prices than we charge for the best,  
and we are confident that our customers will be  
satisfied with our machines. *Bad needle men* render the ma-  
chine almost useless.

Our customers may rest assured that all our Branch  
Machines are furnished with the best quality of

**GENUINE ARTICLE.**

Because of small purchases, the money may be sent

Correspondents will please write their names distinctly. It is all important that we should in each

to know the post office, county and state.  
All persons requiring information about Bowler's  
Machines, or the merits of the various styles, and the  
various methods of purchasing, can obtain it by sending  
a card, or any of our Branch Offices for a copy of it.

**M. M. SINGER & CO.'S SAFETTE.**  
It is a beautifully illustrated Pictorial Paper, 16

We have made the above Reduction in Prices with  
a two-fold view of benefitting the public and ourselves  
as public have been swindled by spurious machines  
and in imitation of ours. The metals in them, from  
which they are made, are of the same quality as ours,  
their makers have not the means to do their work as  
ours are hid away in secret places, where it would be  
impossible to detect the quality of the work, and the  
artificial appliances. It is only by doing a great  
business, and having extensive manufacturing establish-  
ments, that good machines can be made as ours are.  
The quality of the work is the only thing made  
worthy to get out of order, and are sure to cost  
less and trouble and money to keep them in repair.  
The quality of the work is the only thing made  
worthy to get out of order, and are sure to cost  
less and trouble and money to keep them in repair.  
The quality of the work is the only thing made  
worthy to get out of order, and are sure to cost  
less and trouble and money to keep them in repair.

any concern, will find that those having the above qualities not only work well at rapid as well as slow

ters of soap, but fast long in the finest possible work  
 grade. Our machine, *as made by us*, will *corro-*  
*duce more money* than any other machine, whether  
 imitation or ours not. In fact, they are cheaper  
 than any other machine as a gift.

**LOCAL AGENTS Wanted.**  
**I. M. SINGER & CO.,**  
 425 Broadway, New York.  
 Chicago Office, — 50 Clark Street.  
 Milwaukee Office, 17 North Wall House.

LOCAL AGENTS IN ROCK COUNTY.  
 Mr. E. W. GREEN, Beloit.  
 Mr. V. M. ARDEN, : : : : : Janesville.  
 soapmaker

**SOUTH FIRST STREET.**  
 Specifications for Grading. Paving Gutters and building  
 Crosswalks, on South First Street, between Main  
 Street and Jackson Street in the Third Ward.  
 1. A **GRADING** of 18" deep bed will be 30' wide in center  
 of the road. Between the parking of surface, being regularly  
 A street of the road bed will be 18 inches above the bottom  
 of the gutters. The road bed surface completed, will be  
 following and uniform in surface, being regularly  
 on the bottom of the gutters to add center line  
 grading will be estimated by the cubic yard in ex-

The material for embankment will be taken, first, from the sides of the road and in such manner as

run the gutters and a grade for sidewalks. And, secondly, from the excavation to be made for the gutters, the material for the road bed. When the haul does not exceed 300 feet it will be estimated same as earth in excavation and bid accordingly for the cubic yard, for every 100 feet over 30 feet.

The material for the road bed is to be gravel and clay.

**GUTTERS.**—The gutters, one on each side of said street are to be six feet in width at the top and eight inches deep at the bottom.

The gutters will be paved with good sound stone three inches in width and placed upon their edges, and a channel in a curved channel for the water. The shape of the gutters and the manner of laying the outside of the gutters may be estimated by the engineer and may direct. The paving will be estimated by the area of road, which will include preparing bed for the gutters.

**SIDWALKS.**—The bed for the sidewalks, on each side of said street, will be 12 feet wide, composed of gravel and clay, to be estimated by the engineer and respond, in grade, as near as may be with the center of said street; the sidewalk are to be with the center of said street.

**CRUISSWALKS.**—At the Southtown intersection  
inf, Division and Wisconsin streets with said South  
first street, there are to be stone curbs like those found

The school, there are to be stone crosswalks three feet  
 wide and composed of stone, not less than one foot  
 thickness and three feet in length, all well laid.  
 All said work to be done under the direction of the  
 Alderman of said third Ward - Dated April 10th, 1883.  
 L. F. PATTEN, } Aldermen 3d Ward  
 H. W. COLLINS, }  
 Above specifications filed April 18th, 1883.  
 ANDREW BOSS, Jr., City Clerk.

CIRCUIT COURT, ROSS COUNTY.

Richard H. Plummer esq; Edward L. Dimock and  
others,

and payable and certified to the judgment creditor  
 and the receiver and returned to the receiver on  
 or on the 21st day of January, 1885, in favor of the  
 plaintiff against the defendants, I shall offer for sale  
 at public auction, at the Rock County Bank, in the  
 Milwaukee street, in front of the Rock County Bank  
 in the city of Janesville, in said county, on  
THE DAY OF MARCH, 1885,  
 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, that certain fol-  
 lowing described real estate, namely: all that tract, lot  
 and parcel of land situate in the city of Janesville, in  
 said county, and bounded as follows, to-wit: the  
 north half of lot one hundred and one, more or  
 distinguished as the north half of lot one hundred  
 and seventy-three in Smith, Bailey & Stone's addition  
 to the city of Janesville, in said county, and  
 more or less of as much thereof as may be sufficient  
 judgment and the expense of said sale. Dated Janu-  
 ary, 1885. I, J. O. JENKES, Referee.  
 ELDON, P. JENKES & BAILEY, P. M.  
 The sale of the above described property is postponed  
 until Friday, the first day of May, 1885, then to  
 place at the hour and place above mentioned, to-  
 wit: April, 1885.  
 J. O. JENKES, Referee.  
 ap24:05  
 Sheriff's Sale.  
 CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY.  
 George M. Murray agst Eugene F. Kendall, et al.

N pureance and by virtue of a Judgment of fore-  
closure and sale rendered in said court, in the above

**THE 31st DAY of MARCH, 1968,**

at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, the following described mortgage was duly recorded in the public office of the county clerk and recorder and being in the city of Helix, county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, and known and described as follows, to wit: lot 1 and 3 through 10 of the west 1/4 of section 36, township 36 north, range 10 east, T36N. R10E. S36E. (formerly village) of Bel it, twenty six (26), in the survey of the same—Dated December 27th, 1962.

S. J. PETERSON, Sheriff of Rock County.

CHAS. O. WILLIAMS, Plaintiff's Attorney.

MA. ANNUNYAN, Rockport, Danka 1

TO hold your **UNCLE SAMUEL'S** Postage Currency.

Great Decline in Gold and Silver.  
We pay the highest price in the state for gold and silver coins, also demand notes.  
JANESVILLE, MARCH 7TH, 1886.  
MCKEY & BRO.  
[Signature]



**STANDARD MACHINES**  
Well known to be the best for  
**Manufacturing Purposes:**  
No. 1, Standard Shuttle Machine, formerly  
sold at \$30,  
Reduced to \$20


**Reduced to \$70.**  
No. 2, Standard Shuttle Machine, formerly  
sold at \$100.  
**Reduced to \$70.**  
**Singer's Letter A Machine,**  
The best Machine in the world for Family Sewing  
and Light Manufacturing purposes; Price, (with

summer, and beautifully ornamented,  
**FIFTY DOLLARS.**  
 The Nos. 1 and 2 machines are of great capacity and  
 application for manufacturing purposes.  
 Our No. 3 machines are especially adapted to all  
 kinds of light and heavy  
**LEATHER WORK,**  
 as Carriage Trimming, Boot and Shoe Making, Har-  
 ness Making, etc., etc. They are of extra size, with an  
 iron long enough to take under it and attach the large

st sized dashes. There is scarcely any part of a Trimmers' stitching that cannot be better done with them than by hand; so too, the saving of time and labor is very great. The table under these machines is 24 inches long, and the shuttle will hold six times the usual quantity of thread. The large machines work as fast as small ones.

We would ask for our Letter A machine, the special attention of Vest Makers and Dress Makers, and all those who want machines for Light Manufacturing purposes. They embody the principles of the standard machines, making like them, the Interlock stitch, and are well adapted for the celebrated "Serge, Sargent and Light Manufacturing purposes as our standard

We manufacture our own Needles, and would warn all persons using our machines not to buy any others. We know that there are needles sold of the most inferior quality, at higher prices than we charge for the best. These needles sold by us are manufactured especially for our machines. *A bad needle may render the best machine*

Our customers may rest assured that all our Branch Offices are furnished with the  **GENUINE ARTICLE.**

In case of small purchases, the money may be sent in postage stamps or bank notes.

Correspondents will please write their names distinctly. It is all important that we should in each case know the post office, county and state.

All persons requiring information about Sewing Machines, their size, prices, working capacities, and the great variety of our new styles, may send in

**L. M. SINGER & CO.'S GAZETTE,**

which is a beautifully illustrated Pictorial Paper. It will be sent *Gratis*

We have made the above Reduction in Prices with the two-fold view of benefitting the public and ourselves. The public have been swindled by spurious machines made in imitation of ours. The metal in them, from the iron casting to the smallest piece, is of poor quality. Their makers have not the means to do their work well.

They are hid away in secret places, where it would be impossible to have at their command the proper mechanical appliances. It is only by doing a great business, and having extensive manufacturing establishments, that good results can be obtained from the use of the best designed machines. Badly made, are always liable to get out of order, and are sure to cost considerable trouble and money to keep them in repair. The qualities to be looked for in a machine are: *certainly of correct action at all rates of speed, simplicity of construction, great durability and rapidity of operation, with the least labor.* Machines to combine these essential qualities, must be made of the best cast-iron, and finished with the most perfect workmanship.

The purchasers of machines, whose daily bread it may concern, will find that those having the above qualities not only work well at *rapid* as well as *slow* rates of speed, but *last long* in the finest possible work of order. Our machines, *as made by us*, will *turn out money with less labor* than any others, whether in imitation of ours or not. In fact, they are cheaper than any other machine as a gift.

**Local Agents Wanted.**

**I. M. SINGER & CO.,**  
453 Broadway, New York

Chicago Office, - 50 Clark Street.  
Milwaukee Office, 17 Newhall House.

LOCAL AGENTS IN ROCK COUNTY.

Mr. E. G. GREEN,	:	:	:	:	Beloit.
Mrs. WM. ANDY,	:	:	:	:	Janesville.

sop3dawtf

---

**SOUTH FIRST STREET.**

---

Specifications for Grading, Paving Gutters and building Crosswalks on South First Street, between Main

**GRADING**—The road bed will be 30 feet in width between the paving of the gutters, and the center line of the road bed will be 18 inches above the bottom of the gutters. The road bed will be completely level between the gutters and surface, and will slope regularly from the bottom of the gutters to said center line. The grading will be estimated by the cubic yard in excavation, nothing being allowed for earth in embankment, surfacing, &c.

The material for embankment will be taken, first, from the sides of the road and in such manner as to form the gutters and a grade for sidewalks. The material to be used for the road bed will be taken from the subgrade, and the same will be used for the sidewalks. The material for the gutters will be taken from the subgrade, and the same will be used for the gutters. The material for the curbs will be taken from the subgrade, and the same will be used for the curbs. The material for the sidewalks will be taken from the subgrade, and the same will be used for the sidewalks. The material for the road bed will be taken from the subgrade, and the same will be used for the road bed. The material for the gutters will be taken from the subgrade, and the same will be used for the gutters. The material for the curbs will be taken from the subgrade, and the same will be used for the curbs. The material for the sidewalks will be taken from the subgrade, and the same will be used for the sidewalks.

The material for the road bed is to be earth and clay and no sand or gravel to be used.

**SUTTERS.**—The gutters, one on each side of said street, are to be made at least 4 feet at the top and eight inches in depth at the lowest point.

The gutters will be paved with good sound stone eight inches in width and placed upon their edges, and laid upon sand and gravel, and in such manner as to

**FORN CHURCH CHAIRMAN FOR THE WATER.** The kingly bed of gutters and the guttering of the outside of the concrete of stone, will be such as the aldermen and the ward may direct. The laying will be estimated by the line foot, which will include preparing bed for the stone, laying stone, bunting and furnishing same, &c.

**SIDEWALKS.**—The bed for the sidewalks, on each side of said street, will be 12 feet wide, composed of sand or gravel or other good material, and will correspond in grade, as near as may be, with the center line of said street, the said gravel and sand to be made smooth and even and ready for planking.

**CROSSWALKS.**—At the southern intersection Bluff, Division and Wisconsin streets with said South

First street, there are to be stone crosswalks three feet in width and composed of stone, not less than one foot in thickness and three feet in length, all well laid. All said work to be done under the direction of the alderman of said third Ward. - Dated April 10th, 1863.

L. E. PATTEN, } Aldermen 3d Ward  
H. W. COLLINS, }

Above specifications filed April 16th, 1863.

ANDREW BOBBS, JR., City Clerk.

---

CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY.

Richard H. Plummer agst Edward L. Dimock and others.

IN pursuance and in virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered by the circuit court in and for the county of Milwaukee, in the case captioned as above, on the 21st day of January, 1933, in favor of the plaintiff against the defendants, I shall offer for sale and sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on Milwaukee street, in front of the Rock County Bank, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on

*THE 24th DAY OF APRIL, 1933,*

at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the following described real estate, namely: all that tract, lot or parcel of land situate in the city of Janesville, in the county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, and known and distinguished as the north half of lot one hundred and thirty-one, in the south half of section thirty-six, in the north half of township thirty-four north, range

to Jacksonville, according to the recorded plat thereof, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy said judgment and the expenses of said sale.—Dated January 21st, 1868.  
IRA O. JENKES, Referee.  
ELOAN, PATTERSON & BAILEY, Plff's Attys.      ja22d3m

The sale of the above described property is postponed until Friday, the first day of May, 1868, then to take place at the hour and place above mentioned.—Dated April 24th, 1868.  
ap24dts      IRA O. JENKES, Referee.

---

**Sheriff's Sale.**  
CRANEHURST POCK COUNTY

George M Murray said Eugene F Kendall, — Kendall, his wife, and Thomas Tattle.

**I**N pursuance of a writ of a judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered in said court, in the above entitled action, on the 6th day of December, 1862, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, I shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the post office, in the city of Jacksonville, Rock county, Wis., on

**THE 31st DAY of MARCH, 1863,**

at 10 o'clock A M of that day, the following described mortgaged premises, to wit: all those tracts or parcels

of land situate and being in the city or town, county of Rock and state of Wisconsin, and known and described as follows, to wit: No lot one (3) and the south half of No four (4) in block twenty six (26), in the city (formerly village) of Bel it, according to Hopkin's survey of the same.—Dated December 27th, 1862.

S. J. M. PUTNAM,  
Sheriff of Rock County.

DEAN. G. WILLIAMS,  
Plaintiff's Attorney. 463743m

---

## Magic Currency Pocket-Books!

TO hold your UNCLE SAMUEL'S Postage Currency. Every man, woman and child will want one. Sold

by [redacted] TALLMAN & COLLYER.  
Great Decline in Gold and Silver.  
We pay the highest price in the state for gold and silver coins, also demand notes.  
McKEY & BRO.  
Janesville, March 7th, 1888. [redacted]